

CLAIMS

5 comprising:

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a coarse symbol time estimator for coarsely adjusting the time synchronization of the digital signal from the frame synchronization detector;

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a second CS filter for filtering the frequency compensated digital signal;

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3. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 1, wherein the second IF

Table 1. Demographic characteristics of the study population	
Age (years)	65.0 ± 10.0
Gender	
Male	50 (50.0%)
Female	50 (50.0%)
Education (years)	12.0 ± 2.0
Marital status	
Married	40 (80.0%)
Single	10 (20.0%)
Occupation	
Retired	30 (60.0%)
Unemployed	20 (40.0%)
Income (USD/month)	1000.0 ± 200.0
Health status	
Good	30 (60.0%)
Poor	20 (40.0%)
Comorbidities	
Hypertension	15 (30.0%)
Diabetes	10 (20.0%)
Cholesterol	12 (24.0%)
Smoking status	
Smoker	10 (20.0%)
Non-smoker	40 (80.0%)
Alcohol consumption	
Regular	5 (10.0%)
Occasional	15 (30.0%)
Never	30 (60.0%)

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| Marital status | |
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| Occupation | |
| Retired | 30 (60.0%) |
| Unemployed | 20 (40.0%) |
| Income (USD/month) | 1000.0 ± 200.0 |
| Health status | |
| Good | 30 (60.0%) |
| Poor | 20 (40.0%) |
| Comorbidities | |
| Hypertension | 15 (30.0%) |
| Diabetes | 10 (20.0%) |
| Cholesterol | 12 (24.0%) |
| Smoking status | |
| Smoker | 10 (20.0%) |
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| Alcohol consumption | |
| Regular | 5 (10.0%) |
| Occasional | 15 (30.0%) |
| Never | 30 (60.0%) |

6. A fast frequency and time acquisition system for synchronizing digital information for use with a digital radio frequency (RF) receiver comprising:

- 5 a first channel select (CS) filter for filtering digital baseband information;
- a frame synchronization detector for detecting a synchronization word in the digital baseband information from the first CS filter;
- 10 a coarse symbol time estimator for coarsely determining the symbol time of the digital signal from the frame synchronization detector;
- a fine frequency estimator for finely determining the frequency error of the signal from the coarse symbol time estimator for providing frequency adjustment;
- 15 a mixer for combining the unfiltered digital information with the frequency error estimate to provide a mixed frequency corrected digital signal;
- a second CS filter for filtering the mixed digital
- 20 signal;
- a fine symbol time estimator for finely determining the symbol time of the signal from the second CS filter; and
- a symbol detector for decoding the digital signal from the fine symbol time estimator.

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7. A fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 6, wherein the coarse symbol estimator is compromised of:

- a coarse symbol time estimator for coarsely
- 30 estimating the symbol time of the digital signal; and

a fine frequency estimator for finely estimating the frequency of the digital signal from the coarse symbol time estimator.

5 8. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 6, wherein the first CS filter has a wider bandwidth than then second CS filter.

10 9. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 6, wherein the second CS filter has exactly half (or any other simple fractions such as one third, or one fourth etc) the bandwidth of the first CS filter.

15 10. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 6, wherein the first CS filter has a 3 decibel (dB) bandwidth of approximately 6 Kiloherztz (KHz).

20 11. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 10, wherein the second CS filter has a 3 decibel (dB) bandwidth of approximately 3 Kiloherztz (KHz).

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12. A method for rapidly acquiring time and frequency
synchronization for a digital RF baseband signal comprising
5 the steps of:

directing a digital baseband signal to a first
channel select (CS) filter;

detecting a time synchronization word in the
digital signal from the first CS filter;

10 determining a coarse symbol time estimate of the
signal of the signal from the first CS filter;

determining a fine frequency estimate of the
digital signal from the coarse symbol time estimator;

15 applying a coarse time and frequency correction to
digital signal to provide a time and frequency compensated
signal;

mixing the frequency correction signal with the
unfiltered digital baseband signal to provide a mixed
signal;

20 applying the mixed signal to a second CS filter;
determining a fine symbol time estimate of the
signal from the second CS filter;

applying a fine time correction to the signal from
the second IF filter; and

25 detecting the symbols in the digital bit/symbol
stream.

13. A digital receiver fast frequency and time
acquisition system as in claim 12, wherein the first CS
30 filter has a wider bandwidth than then second CS filter.

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16. A digital receiver fast frequency and time acquisition system as in claim 15, wherein the second CS filter has a 3 decibel (dB) bandwidth of approximately 3 KiloHertz (KHz).